REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE LEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE LEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2010

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Lee County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Kentucky. Additionally, we have issued an unqualified opinion on the fiscal court's compliance with OMB Circular A-133 compliance supplement as it relates to its major programs.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$7,740,916 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,888,188 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2010, with total net assets of \$7,740,916. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$435,897 with \$90,210 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

2010-01 The County Should Annually Review The Administrative Code And Make Any Changes Or Revisions They Deem Necessary

2010-02 The County Should Improve Controls Over Collections For Solid Waste And Handicap Van Fees

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
LEE COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	11
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	15
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	19
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	23
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	25
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	39
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	44
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	47
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	51
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	55
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	56
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	59
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS	
THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-1.	3363
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	67
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN Auditor of Public Accounts

To the People of Kentucky Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor Lori H. Flanery, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable Steve Mays, Lee County Judge/Executive Members of the Lee County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Lee County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Lee County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Steve Mays, Lee County Judge/Executive
Members of the Lee County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lee County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2011, on our consideration of Lee County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2010-01 The County Should Annually Review The Administrative Code And Make Any Changes Or Revisions They Deem Necessary

2010-02 The County Should Improve Controls Over Collections For Solid Waste And Handicap Van Fees

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

March 29, 2011

LEE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Fiscal Court Members:

Steve Mays County Judge/Executive

Ronnie Paul Begley Magistrate
Lenard Carl Ross Magistrate
Bennie Todd Magistrate
Billy Joe Coomer Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Thomas Hollon County Attorney

Corbett Dunaway Jailer

Russell Stamper County Clerk

Emma Adams Circuit Court Clerk

Donnie Hogan Sheriff

Elizabeth Roach Property Valuation Administrator

Ray Shuler Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Pearl Spencer County Treasurer



LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

	Primary				
	Government				
	Go	vernmental			
		Activities			
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,888,188			
Total Current Assets		1,888,188			
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation					
Land		319,083			
Land Improvements		171,543			
Construction In Progress		305,001			
Buildings		2,023,671			
Other Equipment		181,250			
Vehicles and Equipment		998,896			
Infrastructure		2,289,181			
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,288,625			
Total Assets		8,176,813			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Financing Obligations Payable		90,210			
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Financing Obligations Payable		345,687			
Total Liabilities		435,897			
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt		5,852,728			
Unrestricted		, ,			
Total Net Assets	\$	1,888,188 7,740,916			
1 Otal INCL ASSCIS	φ	7,740,910			



LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues Received						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets			
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			Governmental Activities			
Primary Government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 2,088,346	\$	67,178	\$	324,833	\$		\$	(1,696,335)			
Protection to Persons and Property	1,031,424		763,431		93,832				(174,161)			
General Health and Sanitation	496,646		380,596		486,493				370,443			
Social Services	58,854		14,819		13,071				(30,964)			
Recreation and Culture	70,966						384,764		313,798			
Roads	1,489,190				846,026		1,859,636		1,216,472			
Interest on Long-term Debt	55,624								(55,624)			
Capital Projects	184,571								(184,571)			
Total Governmental Activities	5,475,621		1,226,024		1,764,255		2,244,400		(240,942)			
Total Primary Government	\$5,475,621	\$	1,226,024	\$	1,764,255	\$	2,244,400		(240,942)			
		Cox	neral Revenu	0.51								
			axes:	cs.								
			Real Property	Taxe	S				1,021,357			
			Personal Prop						224,915			
			Motor Vehicle	-					75,325			
			Other Taxes						41,230			
		In	Lieu Payment	ts					35,324			
		E	cess Fees						26,845			
		M	iscellaneous Re	evenu	es				56,563			
		A	ccrued Interest	Rece	ived				4,762			
			Total General	Reve	nues and Tran	sfers	;		1,486,321			
			Change in N	et Ass	sets				1,245,379			
		Net	Assets - Begin	ning					6,495,537			
		Net	Assets - Endin	g				\$	7,740,916			



LEE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

LEE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

										Solid	Non-		Total	
	(General		Road		LGEA		nbulance		Waste	Major	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Funds		Funds	
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	902,246	\$	384,060	\$	84,863	\$	49,138	\$	427,765	\$ 40,116	\$	1,888,188	
Total Assets	\$	902,246	\$	384,060	\$	84,863	\$	49,138	\$	427,765	\$ 40,116	\$	1,888,188	
FUND BALANCES														
Reserved for:														
Encumbrances		41,722		368,151		8,315		6,133		7,004	1,042		432,367	
Unreserved:														
General Fund		860,524											860,524	
Special Revenue Funds				15,909		76,548		43,005		420,761	 39,074		595,297	
Total Fund Balances	\$	902,246	\$	384,060	\$	84,863	\$	49,138	\$	427,765	\$ 40,116	\$	1,888,188	
Reconciliation of the Balance S	heet	- Governi	nent	al Funds to	o the	Statemer	nt of N	Net Assets	:					
Total Fund Balances												\$	1,888,188	
Amounts Reported For Govern	menta	al Activitie	es In	The State	ment									
Of Net Assets Are Different E	Becau	se:												
Capital Assets Used in Gover	nmei	ntal Activi	ities	Are Not Fi	inanc	ial Resou	rces							
And Therefore Are Not Rep	orte	d in the Fu	ınds										8,999,563	
Accumulated Depreciation													(2,710,938)	
Long-term debt is not due an	d pay	able in the	e cui	rrent period	d and	l, therefor	e, is 1	not						
reported in the funds.														
Financing Obligations													(435,897)	



LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund	LGEA Fund	Ambulance Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,747,558	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,747,558
In Lieu Tax Payments	2,832	32,492					35,324
Excess Fees	26,845						26,845
Licenses and Permits	20,747						20,747
Intergovernmental	304,066	2,095,458	402,893	10,084	434,210	45,629	3,292,340
Charges for Services	11,115			749,092	380,596	3,224	1,144,027
Miscellaneous	122,332	314,257		5,393	7,421		449,403
Interest	2,084	1,348	314	166	718	126	4,756
Total Revenues	2,237,579	2,443,555	403,207	764,735	822,945	48,979	6,721,000
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	790,034					280,325	1,070,359
Protection to Persons and Property	260,116		6,758	713,668		11,463	992,005
General Health and Sanitation	5,940		34,695		455,583		496,218
Social Services	58,854						58,854
Recreation and Culture	322,058		17,790				339,848
Roads	147,405	1,867,294	213,493				2,228,192
Debt Service	28,988	289,984			42,576		361,548
Capital Projects		184,571					184,571
Administration	273,101	152,858	5,509	259,366	65,714	10,383	766,931
Total Expenditures	1,886,496	2,494,707	278,245	973,034	563,873	302,171	6,498,526
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	351,083	(51,152)	124,962	(208,299)	259,072	(253,192)	222,474
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Financing Obligation Proceeds		300,000					300,000
Transfers From Other Funds				223,857		231,054	454,911
Transfers To Other Funds	(223,857)		(231,054)				(454,911)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(223,857)	300,000	(231,054)	223,857		231,054	300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	127,226	248,848	(106,092)	15,558	259,072	(22,138)	522,474
Fund Balances - Beginning	775,020	135,212	190,955	33,580	168,693	62,254	1,365,714
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 902,246	\$ 384,060	\$ 84,863	\$ 49,138	\$ 427,765	\$ 40,116	\$ 1,888,188



LEE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LEE COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	522,474
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of		
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report		
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of		
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay		1,644,084
Deletions in Capital Assets		(225,817)
Depreciation Expense		(495,299)
Disposal on Sale of Asset Held For Resale		(205,987)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides		
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal		
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental		
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.		
Financing Obligation Proceeds		(300,000)
Financing Obligations Principal Payments		305,924
Change in Not Assets of Covernmental Activities	•	1 245 270
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,245,379

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	25
Note 2.	DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS	30
Note 3.	CAPITAL ASSETS	32
Note 4.	SHORT-TERM DEBT	33
	LONG-TERM DEBT	
	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	
	Insurance	

LEE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents it's government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Lee County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The County has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Public Service Corporation

The Public Service Corporation is a legally separate entity established to provide debt service for the purchase of real estate property from the Kentucky Mountains Farm Cooperative. The Public Service Corporation's governing body consists entirely of Fiscal Court members. Therefore, management should include the Public Service Corporation as a component unit, and its financial activity should be blended with that of the fiscal court. However, the Public Service Corporation had no financial activity during the year to blend with the fiscal court.

C. Lee County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Lee County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Lee County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government–wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - These funds may be spent for public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health, recreation, libraries, social services, industrial and economic development, workforce training, and secondary wood industry development. In no event shall these funds be used for expenses relating to the administration of government. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Ambulance Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues from users of the Ambulance Service along with some state contributions.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues from users of the Solid Waste Services.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Jail Fund and the Handicap Van Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

The Road Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Ambulance Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Jail Fund, and the Handicap Van Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	Tl	nreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Joint Venture

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Wolfe County Fiscal Court:

Three Forks Regional Jail

On October 6, 2000, the Counties of Lee, Owsley and Wolfe (the participating counties) entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement in order to provide for joint and cooperative action in the acquisition, construction, installation, maintenance and financing of the Three Forks Regional Jail. Pursuant to this interlocal agreement, Lee County (the lead county) established the Three Forks Public Properties Corporation, a legally separate organization, to act as an agency and instrumentality of the participating counties in financing the acquisition and construction of the Three Forks Regional Jail. On December 1, 2000 the corporation issued \$6,295,000 of first mortgage revenue bonds.

The only source of funds expected by the Three Forks Public Properties Corporation to meet the debt service requirements on the bonds are the rental payments from the participating counties, as stipulated in the lease and sublease agreements dated October 1, 2000. Pursuant to the lease and sublease, each participating county covenants to meet its proportionate share of the debt service requirements on the bond as follows (the "proportionate share" or "use allowance"): 40% for Lee County, 22% for Owsley County, and 38% for Wolfe County.

On December 1, 2000, the three participating counties established the Three Forks Regional Jail Authority pursuant to the provisions of KRS 441.800 and KRS 441.810 to act as the constituted authority of the participating counties in the acquisition, construction, equipping, and operation of the Three Forks Regional Jail.

The Three Forks Regional Jail Authority and the Three Forks Public Property Corporation are comprised of an eight-member board of directors. Lee County appoints three of the eight members. Wolfe and Owsley counties appoint two members each. In addition the Lee County Jailer is a required member of the board.

A copy of the Three Forks Regional Jail Audit Report may be obtained by writing the management at 2475 Center Street, Beattyville, KY 41311 or on the web at www.auditor.ky.gov.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(D). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Note 2. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of June 30, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity									
	E	Beginning					Ending			
Primary Government:		Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance			
Governmental Activities:										
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land and Land Improvements	\$	319,083	\$		\$		\$	319,083		
Construction In Progress		298,318		232,500		(225,817)		305,001		
Total Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated		617,401		232,500		(225,817)		624,084		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:										
Land Improvements		196,068						196,068		
Buildings		2,291,211		420,033				2,711,244		
Other Equipment		448,659		19,527				468,186		
Vehicles and Equipment		1,825,623		115,384				1,941,007		
Infrastructure		2,202,334		856,640				3,058,974		
Total Capital Assets Being	<u>.</u>	_								
Depreciated		6,963,895		1,411,584				8,375,479		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Land Improvements		(16,350)		(8,175)				(24,525)		
Buildings		(634,852)		(52,721)				(687,573)		
Other Equipment		(236,822)		(50,114)				(286,936)		
Vehicles and Equipment		(777,806)		(164,305)				(942,111)		
Infrastructure		(549,809)		(219,984)				(769,793)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(2,215,639)		(495,299)				(2,710,938)		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		4,748,256		916,285				5,664,541		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,365,657	\$	1,148,785	\$	(225,817)	\$	6,288,625		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government \$ 251,056 Protection to Persons and Property 80,945 Recreation and Culture 30,127 General Health and Sanitation 75,687 Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets 57,484

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities \$ 495,299

Note 4. Short-term Debt

Mack Trucks

In March 2008, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$205,300 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, to purchase Mack trucks. The county purchased heavy trucks to use for one year; then the trucks were to be sold at auction. The terms of the agreement stipulate a one-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and fixed yearly principal payment with an interest rate of 3.958 percent. On March 3, 2009, the county refinanced these Mack trucks to sell at a later auction. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$0.

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. Road Paving

In May 2002, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$300,000 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, for road paving. The terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and variable annual principal payments. The principal amount is due on January 20 of each year to end on January 20, 2012 with an interest rate of 2.75 percent. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$70,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Р	rincipal	Interest						
2011 2012	\$	35,000 35,000	\$	2,700 995					
Totals	\$	70,000	\$	3,695					

B. Solid Waste Equipment

In July 2003, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$325,000 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, for a multipurpose agreement for the purpose of solid waste equipment. However, the county only used \$250,241 of the proceeds to purchase equipment. During December 2003, the county judge/executive requested the balance of the agreement be applied towards the principal thereby reducing monthly payments. The terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and variable monthly principal payments to end on October 20, 2010 an interest rate of 2.175 percent. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$8,846. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended									
June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest						
2011	\$	8,846	\$	107					
Totals	\$	8,846	\$	107					

Note 5. Long Term Debt (Continued)

C. Rear Loader

In February 2008, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$111,800 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, to purchase a rear loader. The terms of the agreement stipulate an eight-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and variable monthly principal payments to end on March 20, 2016 an interest rate of 5.227 percent. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$84,020. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended								
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest					
2011	\$	12,792	\$	3,412				
2012		13,599		2,880				
2013		14,457		2,310				
2014		15,370		1,706				
2015		16,340		1,063				
2016		11,462		332				
Totals	\$	84,020	\$	11,703				

D. Mack Trucks

In March 2009, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$205,987 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, to refinance the Mack truck purchase. The terms of the agreement stipulate a four-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and variable yearly principal payments starting January 20, 2011. This term is to end on January 20, 2013 an interest rate of 4.240 percent. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$0.

E. Blacktop Project

In August 3, 2009, Lee County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation agreement for \$300,000 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program, to pave county roads. The terms of the agreement stipulate an eight-year repayment schedule, with variable monthly payments and variable monthly principal payments to end on August 20, 2017 an interest rate of 4.217 percent. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$273,030. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Note 5. Long Term Debt (Continued)

E. Blacktop Project (Continued)

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended								
June 30	F	Principal	Interest					
2011	\$	33,571	\$	10,804				
2012		34,939		9,413				
2013		36,362		7,965				
2014		37,844		6,455				
2015		39,386		4,882				
2016-2018		90,928		4,883				
Totals	\$	273,030	\$	44,402				

F. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:							
Financing Obligations	\$ 441,821	\$	300,000	\$	305,924	\$ 435,897	\$ 90,210
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 441,821	\$	300,000	\$	305,924	\$ 435,897	\$ 90,210

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must met the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Lee County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

LEE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

127,226

775,020

902,246

527,226

375,020

902,246

LEE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	GENERAL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
TO KON ZEON THE TEXC		Original		Final		Basis)	(1	Negative)	
REVENUES	Φ.	1 202 460	Φ.	1 202 150	Φ.	1.5.45.550	Φ.	255.000	
Taxes	\$	1,392,460	\$	1,392,460	\$	1,747,558	\$	355,098	
In Lieu Tax Payments		5,400		5,400		2,832		(2,568)	
Excess Fees		33,816		33,816		26,845		(6,971)	
Licenses and Permits		18,000		18,000		20,747		2,747	
Intergovernmental Revenue		261,575		274,528		304,066		29,538	
Charges for Services		8,000		8,000		11,115		3,115	
Miscellaneous		79,500		79,500		122,332		42,832	
Interest		3,000		3,000		2,084		(916)	
Total Revenues		1,801,751		1,814,704		2,237,579		422,875	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		823,099		823,099		790,034		33,065	
Protection to Persons and Property		222,303		235,256		260,116		(24,860)	
General Health and Sanitation						5,940		(5,940)	
Social Services		40,150		40,150		58,854		(18,704)	
Recreation and Culture		36,569		36,569		322,058		(285,489)	
Roads		200,000		200,000		147,405		52,595	
Capital Projects		342,942		342,942		28,988		313,954	
Administration		312,831		312,831		273,101		39,730	
Total Expenditures		1,977,894		1,990,847		1,886,496		104,351	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(176,143)		(176,143)		351,083		527,226	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers To Other Funds		(223,857)		(223,857)		(223,857)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(223,857)		(223,857)		(223,857)			

(400,000)

400,000

(400,000)

400,000

0 \$

Net Changes in Fund Balance

Fund Balance - Beginning

Fund Balance - Ending

ROAD FUND Actual Variance with Amounts, Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final (Negative) Basis) REVENUES \$ 32,492 \$ In Lieu Tax Payments 36,721 36,721 (4,229)Intergovernmental Revenue 761,766 1,805,834 2,095,458 289,624 Miscellaneous 173,600 301,248 314,257 13,009 Interest 700 700 1,348 648 972,787 2,144,503 2,443,555 299,052 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Roads 898,099 1,684,200 1,867,294 (183,094)Debt 296,819 296,819 289,984 6,835 Capital Projects 165,615 184,571 (18,956)Administration 160,501 400,501 152,858 247,643 **Total Expenditures** 1,355,419 2,494,707 2,547,135 52,428 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (402,632)(51,152)(382,632)351,480 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financing Obligations Proceeds 300,000 300,000 300,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 300,000 300,000 300,000 Net Changes in Fund Balance (82,632)(102,632)248,848 351,480 Fund Balance - Beginning 82,632 102,632 135,212 32,580 Fund Balance - Ending 384,060 384,060

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	344,104	\$	384,104	\$	402,893	\$	18,789
Interest		50		50		314		264
Total Revenues		344,154		384,154		403,207		19,053
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property						6,758		6,758
General Health and Sanitation		34,513		34,513		34,695		182
Recreation and Culture		14,000		14,000		17,790		3,790
Roads		175,104		225,104		213,493		(11,611)
Administration		10,200		10,200		5,509		(4,691)
Total Expenditures		233,817		283,817		278,245		(5,572)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other		110.005		100.225		104050		12.401
Financing Sources (Uses)		110,337		100,337		124,962		13,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(231,054)		(231,054)		(231,054)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(231,054)		(231,054)		(231,054)		
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(120,717)		(130,717)		(106,092)		24,625
Fund Balances - Beginning		120,717		130,717		190,955		60,238
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	84,863	\$	84,863

	AMBULANCE FUND									
	Budgeted . Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		
Ingtergovernmental Revenue	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,084	\$	(916)		
Charges For Services		780,000		780,000		749,092		(30,908)		
Miscellaneous Revenue						5,393		5,393		
Interest		100		100		166		66		
Total Revenues		791,100		791,100		764,735		(26,365)		
EXPENDITURES										
Protection to Persons and Property		743,194		743,194		713,668		29,526		
Administration		301,763		301,763		259,366		42,397		
Total Expenditures		1,044,957		1,044,957		973,034		71,923		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(253,857)		(253,857)		(208,299)		45,558		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers From Other Funds		223,857		223,857		223,857				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		223,857		223,857		223,857				
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(30,000)		(30,000)		15,558		45,558		
Fund Balances - Beginning		30,000		30,000		33,580		3,580		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	49,138	\$	49,138		

SOLID WASTEFUND

	SOLID WASTETCAD								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES		Juginai		Filiai		Basis)	(1	Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	407,404	\$	434,210	\$	26,806	
Charges For Services	Ψ	401,000	Ψ	401,000	Ψ	380,596	Ψ	(20,404)	
Miscellaneous		100		100		7,421		7,321	
Interest		500		500		7,121		218	
Total Revenues		401,600		809,004		822,945		13,941	
EXPENDITURES									
General Health And Sanitation		391,694		799,098		455,583		343,515	
Debt Service		42,972		42,972		42,576		396	
Administration		83,934		83,934		65,714		18,220	
Total Expenditures		518,600		926,004		563,873		362,131	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(117,000)		(117,000)		259,072		376,072	
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		(117,000) 117,000		(117,000) 117,000		259,072 168,693		376,072 51,693	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	427,765	\$	427,765	

LEE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2010

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

LEE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

LEE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

					Total
		Ha	ndicap	No	n-Major
	Jail		Van	Gove	ernmental
	 Fund	Fund]	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 30,587	\$	9,529	\$	40,116
Total Assets	30,587		9,529		40,116
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved:					
Encumbrances	507		535		1,042
Unreserved:					
Special Revenue Funds	 30,080		8,994		39,074
Total Fund Balances	\$ 30,587	\$	9,529	\$	40,116



LEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

LEE COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Paid Paid							Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental \$ 45,629 \$ 45,629 Charges For Services 3,224 3,224 Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES 8 280,325 280,325 General Government 280,325 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 231,054 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254				I	Handicap	No	on-Major
REVENUES Intergovernmental \$ 45,629 \$ 45,629 Charges For Services 3,224 3,224 Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254			Jail		Van	Gov	ernmental
Intergovernmental \$ 45,629 \$ 45,629 Charges For Services 3,224 3,224 Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254			Fund		Fund		Funds
Intergovernmental \$ 45,629 \$ 45,629 Charges For Services 3,224 3,224 Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	DEVZENILIEC						
Charges For Services 3,224 3,224 Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 231,054 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254		ф	45.620	Ф		Ф	45.620
Interest 90 36 126 Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	2	\$	45,629	\$		\$	<i>'</i>
Total Revenues 45,719 3,260 48,979 EXPENDITURES Seneral Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Expenditures Before Other (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	9				3,224		3,224
EXPENDITURES 280,325 280,325 General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Interest		90		36		126
General Government 280,325 280,325 General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 231,054 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Total Revenues		45,719		3,260		48,979
General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	EXPENDITURES						
General Health and Sanitation 11,463 11,463 11,463 Administration 9,064 1,319 10,383 Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	General Government		280,325				280,325
Total Expenditures 289,389 12,782 302,171 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 231,054 231,054 231,054 Transfers From Other Funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances Funds Balances - Beginning (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	General Health and Sanitation		,-		11,463		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Administration		9,064		1,319		10,383
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Total Expenditures		289,389		12,782		302,171
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Financing Sources (Uses) (243,670) (9,522) (253,192) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	•						
Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	-		(243,670)		(9,522)		(253,192)
Transfers From Other Funds 231,054 231,054 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 231,054 231,054 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254			231.054				231.054
Net Change in Fund Balances (12,616) (9,522) (22,138) Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254							
Fund Balances - Beginning 43,203 19,051 62,254	Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		231,034				231,034
	Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,616)		(9,522)		(22,138)
Fund Balances - Ending \$ 30,587 \$ 9,529 \$ 40,116	Fund Balances - Beginning		43,203		19,051		62,254
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	30,587	\$	9,529	\$	40,116



LEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

LEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor				
Program Title		Pass-Through		
Grant Name (CFDA #)		Grantor's Number	Expenditu	res
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Natural Resources Conservation Service				
Emergency Watershed Protection Program				
June 2009 Storm Event			\$	388,819
October 2009 Storm Event				53,174
(CFDA #10.923)	***	Not applicable		441,993
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through State Department Of Military Affairs:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)				
(CFDA # 97.036)	***	FEMA 1841 DR KY		312,265
Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program				
(CFDA #97.024)		Not available		25,398
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				337,663
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	779,656

^{***} Tested as Major Programs

LEE COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Note 1 – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Lee County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Steve Mays, Lee County Judge/Executive Members of the Lee County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2011. Lee County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Lee County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lee County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lee County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2010-02 to be a material weakness.



WWW.AUDITOR.KY.GOV

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lee County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2010-01.

The Lee County Judge/Executive's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

March 29, 2011

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Steve Mays, Jr., Lee County Judge/Executive Members of the Lee County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Lee County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Lee County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Lee County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lee County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lee County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lee County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Lee County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Lee County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lee County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County's internal control over compliance.



Report On Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133
(Continued)

<u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u> (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen Auditor of Public Accounts

March 29, 2011

LEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

LEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining information of Lee County, Kentucky.
- 2. One material weakness relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Lee County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Lee County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Lee County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were: Natural Resource Conservation Service (CFDA# 10.923) and Public Assistance Grant (CFDA # 97.036).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Lee County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2010-01 The County Should Annually Review The Administrative Code And Make Any Changes Or Revisions They Deem Necessary

KRS 68.005 mentions that the Fiscal Court should review the Administrative Code annually before the end of the fiscal year. We recommend that the Fiscal Court review the Administrative Code, Ethics Code, and Personnel Policy and then make necessary changes and modifications as appropriate. The review of the Administrative Code should be reflected in the minutes of the Fiscal Court.

County Judge Executive's Response: We will correct and review annually.

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2010-02 The County Should Improve Controls Over Collections For Solid Waste And Handicap Van Fees

The county should implement review procedures for individuals collecting cash for solid waste pickups and handicap van fees. The solid waste clerk posts all receipts to computer system, prepares the deposit and daily checkouts, and deposits collections in the bank with no regular review procedures. The handicap van driver also prepares all receipts for handicap van runs, maintains all documentation for the runs, and deposits all collections in the bank also with no review procedures. The county should have someone other than the solid waste clerk and handicap van driver review all daily work of each office. Funds should be added and agreed to the daily checkouts and deposited by someone other than the individual collecting the money and preparing the daily checkout. The individual should initial the deposit slip and daily checkout to assure they agree. The county should improve controls over collections for solid waste and handicap van collections.

County Judge Executive's Response: Immediately upon recommendation from auditors we started a second person reviewing all daily deposits and sign off on it.

LEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISSTANCE PROGRAM

LEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Lee County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer